ScinoPharm Taiwan, Ltd. Articles of Incorporation

Chapter 1 General Provisions

Article 1

The Company is duly organized under the Company Act of the Republic of China (Taiwan) as a company limited by shares and named ScinoPharm Taiwan, Ltd. in English.

Article 2

The business items of the Company are as follows:

- (1) C802041 Manufacture of pharmaceuticals;
- (2) C801990 Manufacture of other chemical materials;
- (3) IG01010 Biotechnological services;
- (4) F601010 Intellectual property rights related services
- (5) F401010 International trade.
- <<1. Research, development, production, manufacture and distribution of the following products: (1) generic APIs, (2) protein drugs, (3) oligonucleotide, (4) peptide, (5) injection formulation, (6) small-molecule new drugs.
 - 2. Consulting, advisory and technical services relating to the above products.
 - 3. International trade in connection with the above products.
- 4. Sale of reprocessed chemical materials recycled from the company's manufacturing process >>

Article 3

The Company having its head office established at the Southern Taiwan Science Park may, where necessary, set up branch offices and representative offices at home or abroad in accordance with the relevant resolution adopted by the meeting of the Board of Directors subject to the approval of the competent authority.

Article 4

Subject to the resolution adopted by the meeting of the Board of Directors, the Company may act as guarantor pursuant to the Company's relevant policy in consideration of meeting business needs.

Article 5

The total amount of investments made the Company may account for 40% or more of the paid-in capital of the Company irrespective of the limitation provided in Article 13 of the Company Act, provided that the investments must be in accordance with the relevant resolution adopted by the meeting of the Board of Directors.

Chapter 2 Capital

Article 6

The Company has Ten Billion New Taiwan Dollars (TWD10,000,000,000) in authorized capital divided into one billion shares (1,000,000,000) with a value of Ten New Taiwan

Dollars each (TWD10) to be issued in separate batches by the Board of Directors authorized to do so with a total of 7,000,000 shares to be reserved for issuance of stock option certificates.

Article 7

All of the Company's shares bear the signatures and seals of the Company's directors and shall be issued with certification by banks with qualification to be legally authorized registrars for stock issuance. The Company may elect not to produce the certificates on the shares issued after completing the registration of the issued shares with the centralized securities depository institution.

Article 8

All of the shares of the Company are registered ones. The individual shareholder will have his/her personal name and address and the corporate shareholder will have its corporate designation and its legal representative's personal name and address recorded in the Company's shareholders' roster. Joint shareholders of the share (if any) shall elect one among themselves for the purpose of the above recordation in the shareholders' roster.

Article 9

The shareholder or the legal holder of the share certificate lost or destroyed shall make a report to the police upon information of the loss or destruction and fill out the relevant request form to have the loss or destruction of the share certificate registered with the Company. The shareholder or the legal holder shall at the same time file a request with the competent district court to have a relevant public notice made pursuant to the Taiwan Code of Civil Procedure and present the court judgment on the exclusion of rights in the share to the Company for registry.

Article 10

The stock affairs agency of the Company may collect reasonable procedural charges on each request for re-issuance of share certificate on account of the transfer, division of the share or the loss, damage or destruction of the share certificate according to the "Criteria Governing Handling of Stock Affairs by Public Stock Companies," unless there is different stipulation in legislation and securities regulations.

Article 11

The shareholder shall report his/her/its legal name and the address of his/her/its domicile, as well as the specimen card of his/her/its seal for keeping by the Company.

Article 12

The shareholder who lost his/her/its seal the specimen of which is imprinted in the seal specimen card kept by the Company for record shall give a written notice to the Company upon information of the loss and issue a request to the stock affairs agency of the Company to have his/her/its new seal registered.

Article 13

Transfer of shares of the Company cannot be made within a period of sixty (60) days prior to the General Shareholders' Meeting, thirty (30) days prior to an Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting, and five (5) days prior to the start date of distribution of

dividend, bonus or other interests in the shares held.

Chapter 3 Shareholders' Meeting

Article 14

The meeting of the shareholders of the Company will be the General Shareholders' Meeting to be convened by the Board of Directors each year within six (6) months after the end of that fiscal year or an extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting to be duly convened from time to time when necessary.

Article 15

The meeting of the shareholders of the Company shall be convened in accordance with the Company Act, Securities and Exchange Act, and the relevant laws and regulations according to the public announcement or notice issued by the competent securities authority.

The notice of the meeting of the shareholders of the Company may be issued electronically on the consent of the shareholder.

Article 16

Except as otherwise provided by the Company Act and other legislations, the Shareholders' Meeting must be attended by the shareholders in person or their proxies representing over half of the shares in issued. The resolution of the Shareholders' Meeting must be adopted by the majority of the votes represented at the meeting.

Article 17

Except those subject to restrictions or in one of events provided in Article 179 of the Company Act, the shareholder of the Company will have one vote on each share held.

The shareholder may cast his/her vote at the Shareholders' Meeting in writing or electronically in accordance with the Company Act and the laws, regulations established and orders issued by the competent securities authority.

Article 18

The shareholder who for whatever reason is unable to attend the Shareholders' Meeting in person may designate a proxy to attend and act in his/her stead at the meeting by executing the proxy letter form prepared by the Company specifying the scope of authorization to the proxy.

The proxy designated may be a non-shareholder of the Company. Subject to the public offering of the Company, The related operation shall be in accordance with the "Rules Governing the Use of Proxies for Attendance at Shareholder Meeting of Public Companies" and other related legislations.

Article 19

Unless stipulated otherwise in the Company Act, the shareholders' meeting of the Company shall be convened by the board of directors and chaired by the chairperson

of the board of directors. In case the chairperson cannot exercise the duty, whether on leave or for other reasons, he/she shall designate a director in his/her stead. If the chairperson fails to make the designation, other directors share elect one among them to chair the meeting. In case the shareholders' meeting is not convened by the board of the directors, the convener shall chair the meeting. If there are two or more conveners, they shall elect one among them to chair the meeting.

Article 20

The issues presented for discussion and/or resolution at the Shareholders' Meeting and the resolution adopted by the meeting shall each be recorded in the minutes of the meeting, which meeting minutes must be signed or sealed by the chairperson and a copy of which shall be distributed to the shareholders of the Company each within twenty (20) days after the meeting. The above meeting minutes may be produced and distributed electronically. The minutes of the Shareholders' Meeting shall be kept by the Company together with the relevant signed attendance book and proxy letters received. The Company may distribute the above minutes of the Shareholders' Meeting electronically.

Article 21

Subject to the public offering of the Company, the Company may withdraw the public offering on and only on the relevant resolution adopted by the Shareholders' Meeting other than that adopted by the meeting of the Board of Directors.

Chapter 4 Directors

Article 22

Compensation to the Directors of the Company will be determined by the Board of Directors by reference to the common standards adopted by the trade home and abroad.

Article 23

The Company will have seventeen (17) Directors to be elected by the Shareholders' Meeting from the shareholders with disposing capacity.

Two or more of the above Directors shall be independent directors, and the total number of independent directors shall account for not less than one fifth (1/5) of the total number of directors.

Directors are to be elected by the Shareholders' Meeting from among the candidates nominated.

The special qualification, required shareholding, restriction on concurrent positions held, determination of impartiality, method of nomination and method of election of the independent directors and other relevant legally required matters shall be in accordance with the Company Act and the relevant laws and regulations prescribed by the competent securities authority.

Article 24

The Directors each of the Company will serve an office term of three years and may be re-elected; but the independent director shall serve in office for a term of not more than three terms. Percentage of total shares owned by directors_is set according to the Company Act and the prescribed by the competent securities authority.

The Company has an Audit Committee formed by all of the independent directors under the Securities and Exchange Act. The establishment, functions, powers and authorities, rules for the meeting and other legal compliance matters of the Audit Committee shall be in accordance with the relevant regulations issued by the competent securities authority.

The Company should procure liabilities insurance for the Directors elected during their office term.

Article 25

The Directors shall elect one from among themselves to act as the Chairman/Chairwoman of the Board of Directors of the Company.

Article 26

The Chairman/Chairwoman of the Board of Directors shall externally represent the Company and internally preside the Shareholders' Meetings and the meetings of the Board of Directors.

Article 27

Unless stipulated otherwise in the Company Act, the meeting of the board of directors shall be convened by the chairperson of the board of directors, who shall notify, in written form or via fax or e-mail, directors on the date, venue, and agenda seven days prior to the meeting. In the event of urgency, the meeting of the board of directors can be convened anytime via the aforementioned methods of notification.

Article 28

The meeting of the Board of Directors shall be presided by the Chairman/Chairwoman of the Board of Directors. If he/she is for whatever reason unable to preside the meeting, he/she shall designate a Director to act in his/her stead. Absent the above designation, the Directors shall elect one from among themselves to preside the meeting in deputy.

Article 29

The Directors shall vote to approve or disapprove and exercise their powers and duties with respect to the matters proposed on the agenda at the relevant meeting of the Board of Directors which shall be convened at least once every quarter. Except as otherwise provided by the Company Act, the resolution with respect to the revision of these Articles of Incorporation as provided in subparagraph (1) below must be adopted by three fourths (3/4) or more of all of the Directors of the Company and with respect to other matters by two thirds (2/3) or more of all of the Directors of the Company:

- (1) Revision of these Articles of Incorporation.
- (2) Contract with a proposed value equal to or exceeding the relevant authorized amount (which authorized amount is to be defined by the Board of Directors

- authorized to do so).
- (3) Major capital expenditure not included in the relevant approved budget with a proposed sum equal to or exceeding the relevant authorized amount (which authorized amount is to be defined by the Board of Directors authorized to do so), which proposed sum cannot be divided into smaller amounts to obtain easy approval and which proposed sum as approved cannot be divided for spending.
- (4) Establishment of company bylaws with respect to the handling of transactions where the Company is to externally provide guaranty, endorsement, accept to honor, commit, advance payments, provide lending, procure loan, sell account receivables.
- (5) Establishment and removal of branches and offices of the Company.
- (6) Investment in, merge or acquire other businesses.
- (7) Transfer, assignment, sale, lease, pledge, mortgage or otherwise dispose of the entire assets or important assets of the Company.
- (8) Transaction by and between the Company and its affiliate or the shareholder, director of the Company or their relative.
- (9) Approval and revision of agreements proposed on transfer or licensing of technology, know-how or patent right.
- (10) Approval and revision of trademark license agreement with an effective term of one year or more.
- (11) Proposed earnings distribution plan (or loss appropriation plan).
- (12) Review and approval of proposed budgetary plan and final accounting.
- (13) Proposed increase or decrease in the capital of the Company.
- (14) Proposed operation plan; proposed factory construction or expansion projects.
- (15) Appointment, re-appointment and dismissal of the certified public accountant, legal counsel of the Company and the lead underwriter and secondary underwriter handling the public listing or over-the-counter trading of the shares of the Company.
- (16) Appointment and dismissal of the general manager of the Company.
- (17) Establishment of the bylaws with respect to the powers and authorization to be exercised by the Chairman of the Board of Directors and the general manager respectively.
- (18) Establishment of bylaws with respect to the hiring, promotion of employees and the salary payment policy.
- (19) Other bylaws with respect to the organization of the Company and the relevant implementation rules.
- (20) Other matters proposed that must be duly submitted to the Shareholders' Meeting for approval.

Article 30

The Director may issue a written proxy to designate another Director to attend the meeting of the Board of Directors and exercise his/her voting right on all proposed matters at the meeting in his/her stead; provided that a Director may act as the proxy for one and only one of the other Directors.

Article 31

The resolutions adopted by the meeting of the Board of Directors shall be recorded in the minutes of the meeting, which meeting minutes must be signed or sealed by the Chairman of the Board of Directors or the chairperson of the meeting with a copy thereof distributed to the Directors each. The meeting minutes shall be kept by the Company together with the relevant attendance book and written proxies received.

Article 32

The functions, powers and duties exercised by Supervisors under the Company Act, Securities and Exchange Act and other laws and regulations shall apply to the Audit Committee with necessary and appropriate alterations upon the establishment of the Audit Committee.

Article 33

The Company may establish various functional boards or committees under the relevant organization rules to be prescribed by the meeting of the Board of Directors in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations.

Article 34

The Board of Directors may have a number of secretaries or assists to take charge of keeping the minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors and the Shareholders' Meetings and all of the important documents, contracts, agreements and instruments of the Company.

Article 35

The Company shall be liable and reimburse for the loss incurred in the course of the Director's performance of his/her functions and duties, which loss is not attributable to the same Director. For the purpose of protecting the Company from the above liability, the Company shall procure liabilities insurance for the Directors each by reference to the coverage commonly adopted by the trade home and abroad.

Chapter 5 Managerial Officers

Article 36

The company institutes managerial staffers, including a general management and a number of deputy general managers, whose appointment, dismissal, and compensations shall be made according to the resolutions of the board of directors.

Article 37

The general manager acting in accordance with the instruction of the Chairman of the Board of Directors shall take general charge of the day-to-day affairs of the Company and supervise, carry out and manage the operation of the Company.

Article 38

The Company shall be held liable and reimburse for the loss incurred in the course of the general manager's and the deputy general manager's performance of their functions and duties, which loss is not attributable to him/her. For the purpose of protecting the Company from the above liability, the Company shall procure liabilities insurance for the general manager and the deputy general manager each by reference

to the coverage commonly adopted by the trade home and abroad.

Chapter 6 Fiscal Reports

Article 39

The Company shall produce and present the following documents after the end of each fiscal year to the meeting of the Board of Directors for adoption and thereafter to the General Shareholders' Meeting for ratification:

- (1) Business report.
- (2) Financial statements.
- (3) Proposed earnings distribution plan or loss appropriation plan.

Article 40

Should the Company earn surpluses within the current term, at least two percent of surpluses should be set aside for employee compensation (compensation for grassroots employees shall be no less than one percent), and no more than two percent of surpluses should be set aside for director compensation. However, if the Company has accumulated losses, surpluses should be held in reserve to make up said loss.

The surpluses within the current term of the previous paragraph refer to pre-tax profits prior to deduction of employee and director compensation.

Recipients of employee compensation include employees subordinate to the Company that comply with certain conditions.

Article 41

Given the changeful industrial environment for the Company's business, in formulating earnings distribution plan, the board of directors shall take into account the Company's project for capital outlays and funding needs, as well as the use of earnings to meet the financial needs, before determining the allocation of earnings for reserved earnings or distribution, including the amount of distribution and dividend payout for shareholders in cash.

Article 41

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In case there are earnings in the Company's annual final accounts, the earnings shall be appropriated for payment of business income tax and makeup for accumulated debts from past years. Afterwards, ten percent of the surplus, should it exist, after inclusion of other items except current after-tax net profits in retained earnings of the year shall be appropriated for legal reserve, unless the accumulated legal reserve

has exceeded the Company's paid-in capital. The remainder, if any, can be appropriated for special reserve, with the balance to be added to the accumulated undistributed earnings from past years as accumulated distributable earnings. Dividends for shareholders shall be equivalent to 50% to 100% of the accumulated distributable earnings, with cash dividends no less than 30% of the total dividend payment of the year. The board of directors formulates the earnings distribution plan for ratification by shareholders' meeting before execution of the payout.

Chapter 7 Supplemental Provisions

Article 42

Matters not addressed herein shall be in accordance with the Company Act of the Republic of China (Taiwan) and the relevant laws and regulations prescribed and announced by the competent authority.

Article 43

These Articles of Incorporation established on October 16, 1997, have been revised as follows:1st revision of March 17, 1998, 2nd revision of April 7, 1999, 3rd revision of July 21, 2000, 4th revision of December 3, 2001, 5th revision of June 13, 2002, 6th revision of March 13, 2003, 7th revision of June 30, 2003, 8th revision of June 30, 2003, 9th revision of May 14, 2004, 10th revision of June 3, 2005, 11th revision of October 3 2005, 12th revision of February 15, 2006, 13th revision of June 7, 2006, 14th revision of June 18, 2009, 15th revision of September 25, 2009, 16th revision of April 29, 2010, 17th revision of December 9, 2010, 18th revision of June 13, 2012, 19th revision of June 21, 201,3 20th revision of June 18, 2014, 21st revision of June 27, 2016, 21st revision of June 27, 2016, 22nd revision of June 27, 2018, 23rd revision of June 27, 2019, 24th revision of June 30,2020, 25th revision of May 30, 2022 and 26th revision of May 29,2023, and 27th revision of May 28,2025

ScinoPharm Taiwan, Ltd. Chih-Hsien Lo Chairman of the Board of Directors